



INDIAN SCHOOL NIZWA

Class:XII IED - Ch1- India on the eve of Independence

WORKSHEET

1	<p>The motive of British government behind de-industrialisation was:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) To get raw material from India at cheap rate(ii) To sell British manufactured goods in Indian market at high prices(iii) To focus on development of agriculture(iv) To get finished products from India at cheap rate <p>(a) Both (i) and (ii) above (b) Both (ii) and (iv) above (c) Only (iii) above (d) Only (iv) above</p>
2	<p>Occupational Structure refers to :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Nature of different occupations(b) Size of working force in a country(c) Distribution of working force among different occupations(d) Number of people living in a country
3	<p>Which sector was the major contributor to GDP of the country as well as the biggest employer on the eve of independence?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Agriculture(b) Industry(c) Services(d) Manufacturing
4	<p>Stagnant economy is the one which shows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) little growth in income(b) high growth in income(c) low level of productivity(d) both (a) and (c)
5	<p>The opening of the Suez Canal in 1869</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a) Raised the cost of transportation between Britain and India.b) Intensified British control over India's foreign trade.c) Reduced the cost of transportation and made access to the Indian market easier.d) Both (b) and (c)
6	<p>Give the names of some of the main modern industries which were in operation at the time of independence.</p>
7	<p>Mention the features of Indian agriculture on the eve of independence.</p>
8	<p>List 3 positive contributions of British rule.</p>
9	<p>The traditional handicrafts industries were ruined under the British rule. Do you agree with this view? Give reason in support of your answer.</p>

10	'Composition of foreign trade of any country tells us about the nature of commodities that are exported and imported'. What can you state about the composition of foreign trade at the time of independence?
11	What objectives did the British intend to achieve through their policies of infrastructure development in India?
12	Underscore some of India's most crucial economic challenges on the eve of independence.
13	Identify the focus of the economic policies pursued by the colonial government in India and the impacts of these policies?
14	Give a quantitative appraisal of India's demographic profile during the colonial period.
15	"British rule adversely hampered the industrial sector of India." Do you agree with this view? Give reasons in support of your answer.
16	What do you mean by demographic transition? Relate it with the year great divide and small divide. Throw a light on quantitative appraisal of India's demographic profile during Colonial period.
17	'The railways affected the structure of the Indian economy positively, as well as negatively.' Do you agree?
18	The trade surplus during the British Raj was used for the benefit of Britain. Do you agree. Justify